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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/519,371	12/30/2005	Jonathan Halls	29610/CDT320	4787
	7590 03/25/200 GERSTEIN & BORUN		EXAM	IINER
233 S. WACKE	ER DRIVE, SUITE 630			
SEARS TOWE CHICAGO, IL			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2815	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/25/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/519,371	HALLS ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	ANTHONY HO	2815	
The MAILING DATE of this communica Period for Reply	tion appears on the cover sheet w	rith the correspondence addre	ess
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAII  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical of NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutes are reply within the set or extended period for reply will, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	LING DATE OF THIS COMMUN 67 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a cation. ory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO by statute, cause the application to become A	ICATION. reply be timely filed  NTHS from the mailing date of this comm. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed of	This action is non-final.	· •	erits is
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 57-86 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) 74,76 and 78  5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ☐ Claim(s) 57-73,75 and 77 is/are rejecte  7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction	- <u>-86</u> is/are withdrawn from consided.	eration.	
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the E 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) The oath or declaration is objected to be	) accepted or b) objected to n to the drawing(s) be held in abeya e correction is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority do 2. Certified copies of the priority do 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the Internationa * See the attached detailed Office action for	cuments have been received. cuments have been received in a the priority documents have been I Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Sta	age
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	-948) Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application 	

### **DETAILED ACTION**

This is in response to amendment to application no. 10/519,371 filed on January 17, 2008.

Claims 57-86 are presented for examination. Claims 74, 76 and 78-86 stand withdrawn.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 57-58, 60, 62-73, 75 and 77 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Yamazaki et al (US PUB 2002/0079512).

In re claim 57, Yamazaki et al discloses a combined information display and information input device comprising a matrix of independently addressable light emitting devices and a plurality of light sensing devices, said light emitting devices comprising organic light emitting diodes comprising organic light emitting material positioned between a low work function electrode (*in this case, aluminum*) and a high work function electrode (*in this case, ITO*) and said light sensing devices comprise organic photovoltaic devices comprising at least an organic electron donor and at least an organic electron acceptor positioned between a high work function electrode (*in this case, ITO*) and a low work

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function electrode (*in this case, aluminum*), wherein the light emitting devices and the light sensing devices are disposed on a common substrate (430) (Figure 4; Figure 19; paragraph 0034 – paragraph 0048; paragraph 0228 – paragraph 0232; paragraph 0372 – paragraph 0388).

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In re claims 58 and 60, Yamazaki et al discloses one of the organic electron donor or organic electron acceptor or both comprises a semiconductive organic polymer (paragraph 0034 – paragraph 0048; paragraph 0228 – paragraph 0232; paragraph 0372 – paragraph 0388).

In re claims 62-64, Yamazaki et al discloses or suggests that all of the organic photovoltaic devices are sensitive to light in a non-visible region of the electromagnetic spectrum (paragraph 0034 – paragraph 0048; paragraph 0228 – paragraph 0232; paragraph 0372 – paragraph 0388).

In re claims 65-67, Yamazaki et al discloses or suggests that all of the photovoltaic devices are sensitive to light in the infrared region of the electromagnetic spectrum (paragraph 0034 – paragraph 0048; paragraph 0228 – paragraph 0232; paragraph 0372 – paragraph 0388).

In re claims 68-69, Yamazaki et al discloses or suggests that the organic light emitting devices comprise a group of light emitting devices emitting light of a color in the visible

range, non-visible range, and the infrared region of the electromagnetic spectrum (paragraph 0034 – paragraph 0048; paragraph 0228 – paragraph 0232; paragraph 0372 – paragraph 0388).

In re claims 70-73, 75 and 77, Yamazaki et al discloses or suggests the device further comprises having column electrodes, row electrodes, a matrix of light sensing devices, a column driver and detector, and a row selector driver (Figure 1; Figure 4; paragraph 0034 – paragraph 0048; paragraph 0228 – paragraph 0232; paragraph 0372 – paragraph 0388).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 59 and 61 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamazaki et al (US PUB 2002/0079512) as applied to claim 57 above, and further in view of Petritsch et al (WO 99/49525).

In re claim 59, Petritsch et al discloses at least one of the organic electron donor or organic electron acceptor comprises fullerene (Figure 5; page 8, paragraph 1 – page 9, paragraph 4).

The advantage is to enhance solubility (page 8, paragraph 1).

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the combined information display and information input device as taught by Yamazaki et al with at least one of the organic electron donor or organic electron acceptor comprises fullerene as taught by Petritsch et al in order to enhance solubility.

In re claim 61, Petritsch et al discloses both organic electron donor and organic electron acceptor comprise a blend of semiconductive organic electron donor polymer and semiconductive organic electron acceptor polymer (Figure 5; page 8, paragraph 1 – page 9, paragraph 4).

The advantage is to enhance solubility (page 8, paragraph 1).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the combined information display and information input device as taught by Yamazaki et al with both organic electron donor and organic electron acceptor comprise a blend of semiconductive organic electron donor polymer and semiconductive organic electron acceptor polymer as taught by Petritsch et al in order to enhance solubility.

# Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed January 17, 2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., the light emitting devices and the light sensing devices being provided in the same layer) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

In response to applicant's argument that Yamazaki does not disclose the light emitting devices and the light sensing devices are disposed on a common substrate, examiner asserts that Yamazaki shows in Figure 4 the photodiode 421 is disposed on the common substrate 430 and at the same time, the El element 422 is also disposed on the common substrate 430. Thus, the claimed invention is not patentably distinct over the information device of Yamazaki.

#### Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ANTHONY HO whose telephone number is (571) 270-1432. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th: 10:30AM-9:00PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kenneth Parker can be reached on 571-272-2298. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/A. H./
Examiner, Art Unit 2815
/Kenneth A Parker/
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2815